

How To Tell If Your Oracle Relationship Has Trust Issues

By: engn33r

Devconnect 2025

Summary

How DeFi prices work

Oracle Risks

Recent incidents

World's Fastest Intro

I'm eng33r, I read/write code











Slides QR Code

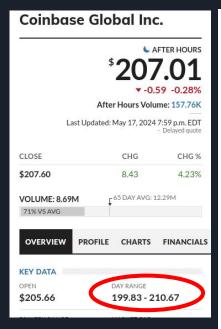


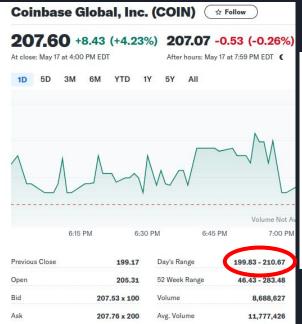
https://engn33r.com/devconnect2025.pdf

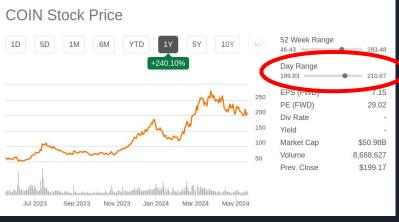
DeFi in 2025



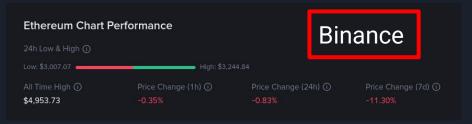
TradFi Prices







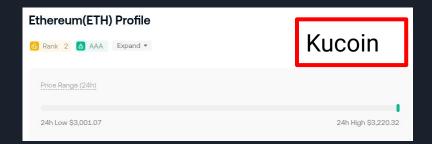
"DeFi" Prices





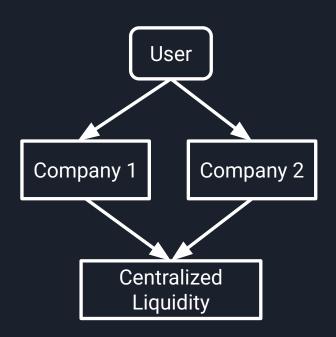
24hr Lows

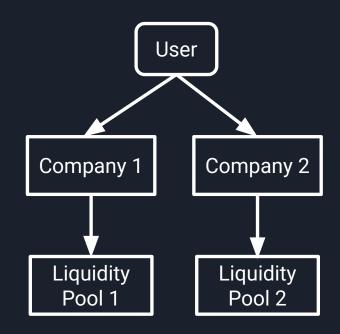
- Kucoin: \$3001.70
- Binance: \$3007.07
- OKX: \$3018
- Kraken: \$3023.62





TradFi vs. DeFi





DeFi: There is no "price"



To Recap

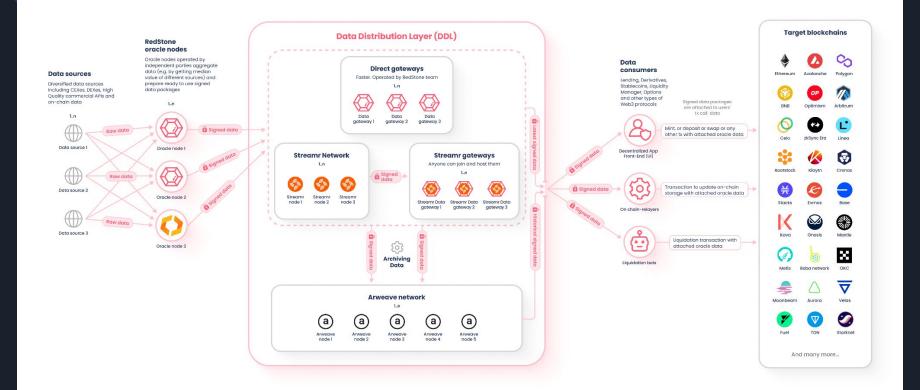
O7 Price data is needed almost everywhere

O2 There is no single price used everywhere

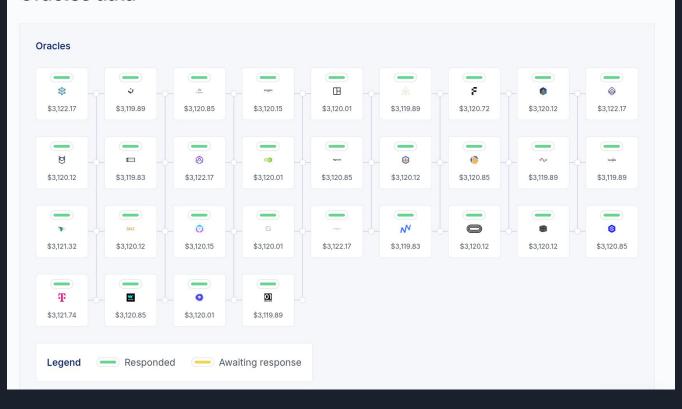
O3 But we need to generate a single price





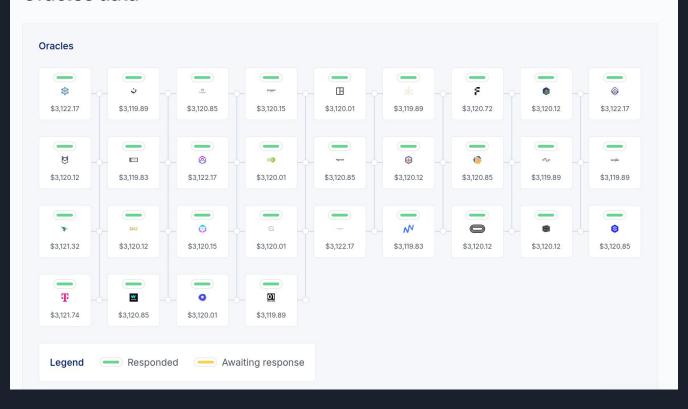


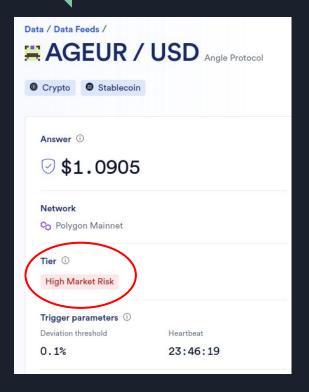
Oracles data

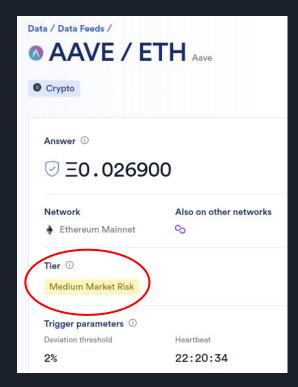


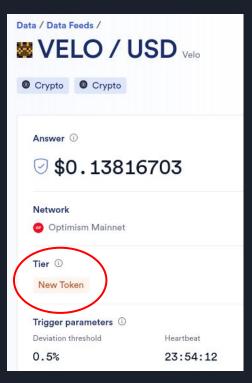


Oracles data









Data Feed Categories



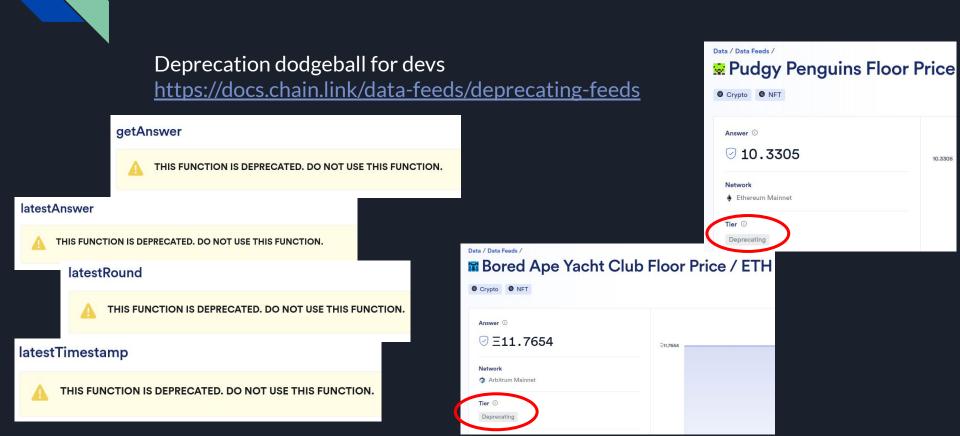
Medium Market Risk Feeds

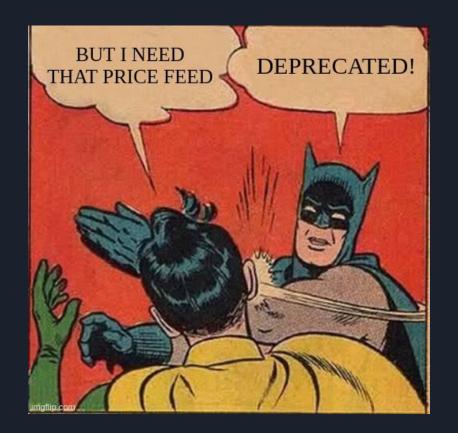
These feeds also follow a standardized data feeds workflow to report market prices for an asset pair. The pair in question may have features that make it more challenging to reliably price, or potentially subject it to volatility which may pose a risk in some use cases. While the architecture of these feeds is resilient and distributed, these feeds carry additional market risk.

Types of market risk that may lead to a feed being categorized as Medium Market Risk include:

- Lower or inconsistent asset volume may result in periods of low liquidity in the market for such assets.
 This, in turn, can lead to volatile price movements
- · A spread between the price for this asset on different trading venues or liquidity pools.
- Market Concentration Risk: If the volume for a given asset is excessively concentrated on a single
 exchange, that trading venue could become a single point of failure for the feed.
- Cross-Rate Risk: The base asset trades in large volumes against assets that are not pegged to the
 quote asset. As a result, the price of this specific asset pair may fluctuate even if the underlying asset
 is not being traded.
- The asset is going through a significant market event such as a token or liquidity migration.
- The asset has a high spread between data providers, the root cause of which is often one of the above factors.





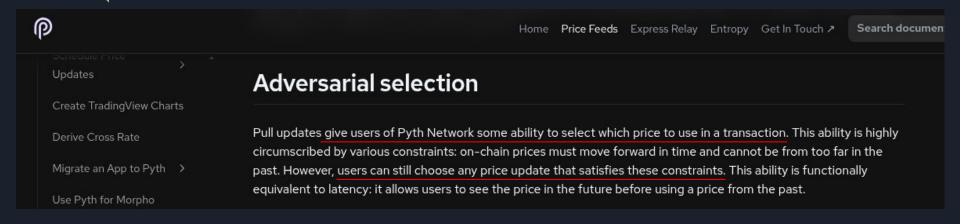






Selecting Quality Data Feeds

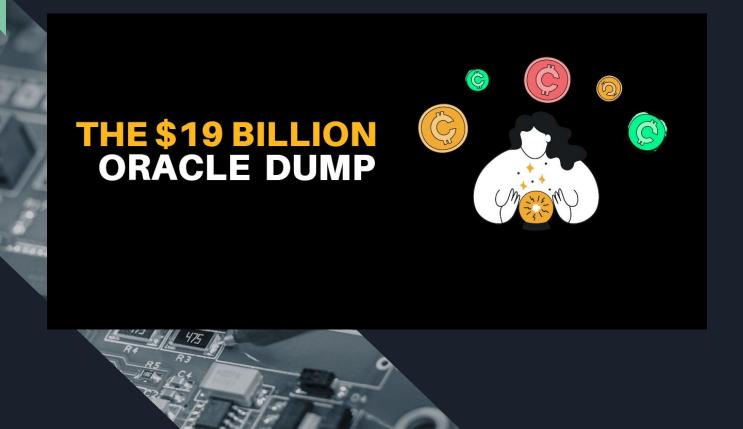
When you design your applications, consider the quality of the data that you use in your smart contracts. Ultimately you are responsible for identifying and assessing the accuracy, availability, and quality of data that you choose to consume via the Chainlink Network. Note that all feeds contain some inherent risk. Read the Risk Mitigation and Evaluating Data Sources sections when making design decisions. Chainlink lists decentralized data feeds in the documentation to help developers build new applications integrated with data.



How do you feel about your relationship?



And now for some recent events



10/10/25 USDe Binance depeg

USDE Low: 0.6268 (38% below peg)



10/10/25 USDe Binance depeg

WBETH Low: 0.2012 (80% below peg)



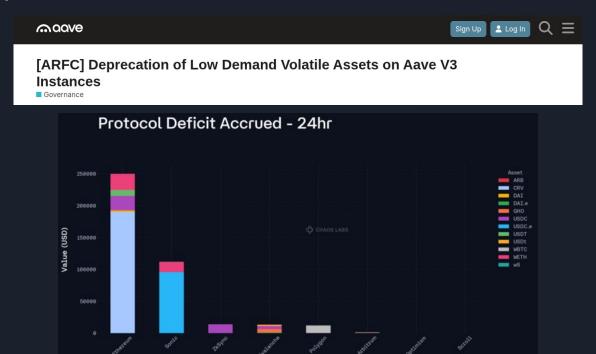
10/10/25 USDe Binance depeg

BNSOL Low: 0.1286 (87% below peg)



USDe Binance depeg results

Deprecation of low volume assets after \$500k bad debt on Aave



USDe Binance depeg results

Lesson:

- 1. Don't rely only on internal orderbook oracles for pricing
- 2. Make sure the oracle price data is using a deep liquidity source
- 3. Depegging of correlated assets is **BAD** for everyone

USDe Binance depeg results

07 \$19B destroyed by bad Binance oracles

O2 Depegs ONLY impacted Binance pricing, DeFi didn't depeg

O3 Everyone in the ecosystem loses

Another recent event



We are currently investigating a misreported price for wrsETH.

The risk manager for the wrsETH Core Market on Base and OP Mainnet has significantly reduced the supply and borrow caps in these markets.

We will share more information as it becomes available.

12:03 PM · Nov 4, 2025 · 53.1K Views





Chainlink oracle glitch costs Moonwell \$1M as DeFi suffers another exploit

Data answer: 1649934607354199816332700

transmitter: 0xc04a3C4aBF8995Da051140f552Cb4eB086185836

observations: 1054227129414975900

1054316022961676400 1054316022961676400 1055981600197286400 1056070493743986900

1649934607354199816332700

1649934607354199816332700

1649934609108670598643200

1649934609197564145343700

1649934609197564145343700

observers: 01020406070508030009

rawReportContext: 000000000000000000000FF27F6D70FBE846768EBA2B013701A88000352B403

5 vs 5

ec H

Hex

Oracles data **Oracles** O1 galaxy **Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585 Ξ1.0585** SNZ E1.0585 E1.0585 ±1.0585 Awaiting response Transmitter Legend Responded

Oracles data



Moonwell oracle incident results

Lesson:

- 1. Oracles should not rely on markets which can be manipulated
- 2. There <u>must</u> be guardrails on oracle pricing data, ESPECIALLY for correlated assets. There is no realistic scenario where the price should be allowed to jump by over 1,000,000x in a single block (or any reasonable time period)

Summary

Ol DeFi price oracles are a foundational piece of this ecosystem

O2 DeFi price oracles are a difficult (and potentially unsolved) problem

Managing all possible oracle risks is HARD even in 2025

The End

Questions?



