

DeFi Team OpSec: Security beyond the contracts

By: engn33r

Agenda

1. Why OpSec Matters
2. Attack Vectors
3. Defensive Measures
4. Emergency Planning
5. Spread Paranoid

Slides: engn33r.com

World's Fastest Intro



I'm engn33r, I do security and coding

Currently dev @ Twyne
Formerly auditor @ electisec



Electisec

Why Opsec Matters

Why OpSec Matters

Attack Vectors by Incident Count

1	Price Oracle Manipulation	29	6	Reentrancy	11
2	Function Access Control	19	7	Logic Error	8
3	Reward Manipulation	18	8	Incorrect Reward Calculation	7
4	Stolen Private Keys	16	9	Weak Private Keys	5
5	Function Parameter Validation	13	10	DNS Hijacking	5

Why OpSec Matters

How the Bybit hack happened: a \$1.4 billion crypto breach explained

\$50 Million Radiant Capital Hack Traced to North Korean Cybercriminals

Exclusive Curve Finance Founder Discusses Latest Hack and DeFi Vulnerabilities

Why OpSec Matters

- My theory: smart contract vulnerabilities will lose favor to web2 hacks
- Therefore, web2 security grows in importance in web3
- Web3 has often forgotten about web2 security, because web3 is shiny

Attack Vectors

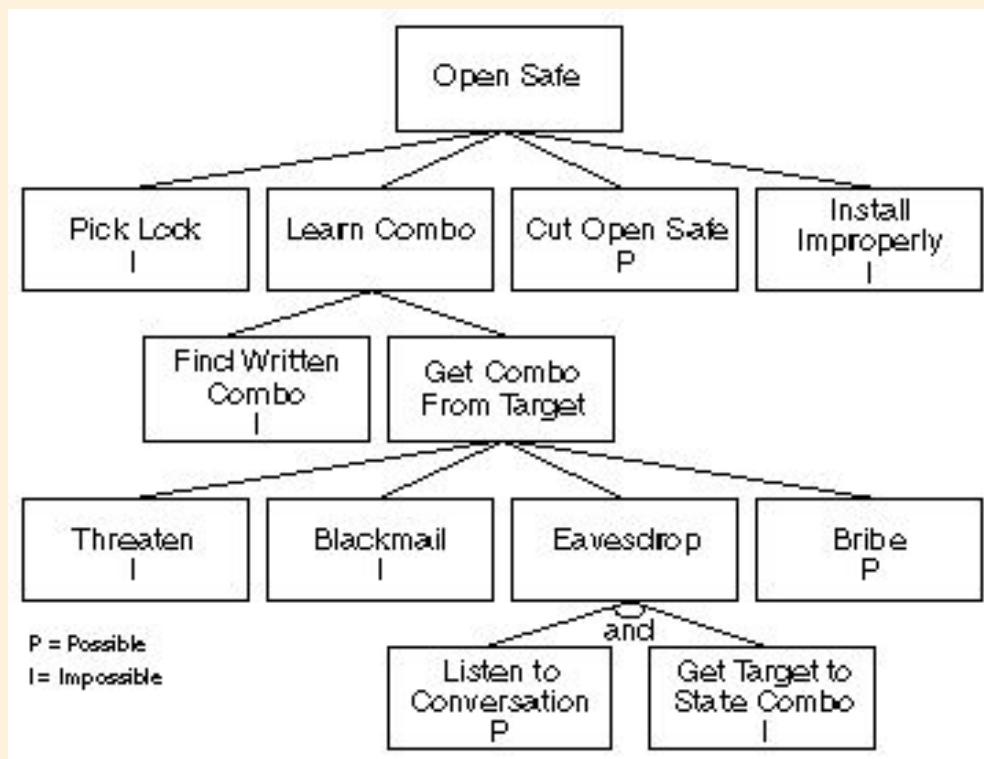
Attack Vectors

What is the attackers goal? Profit

How is this achieved?

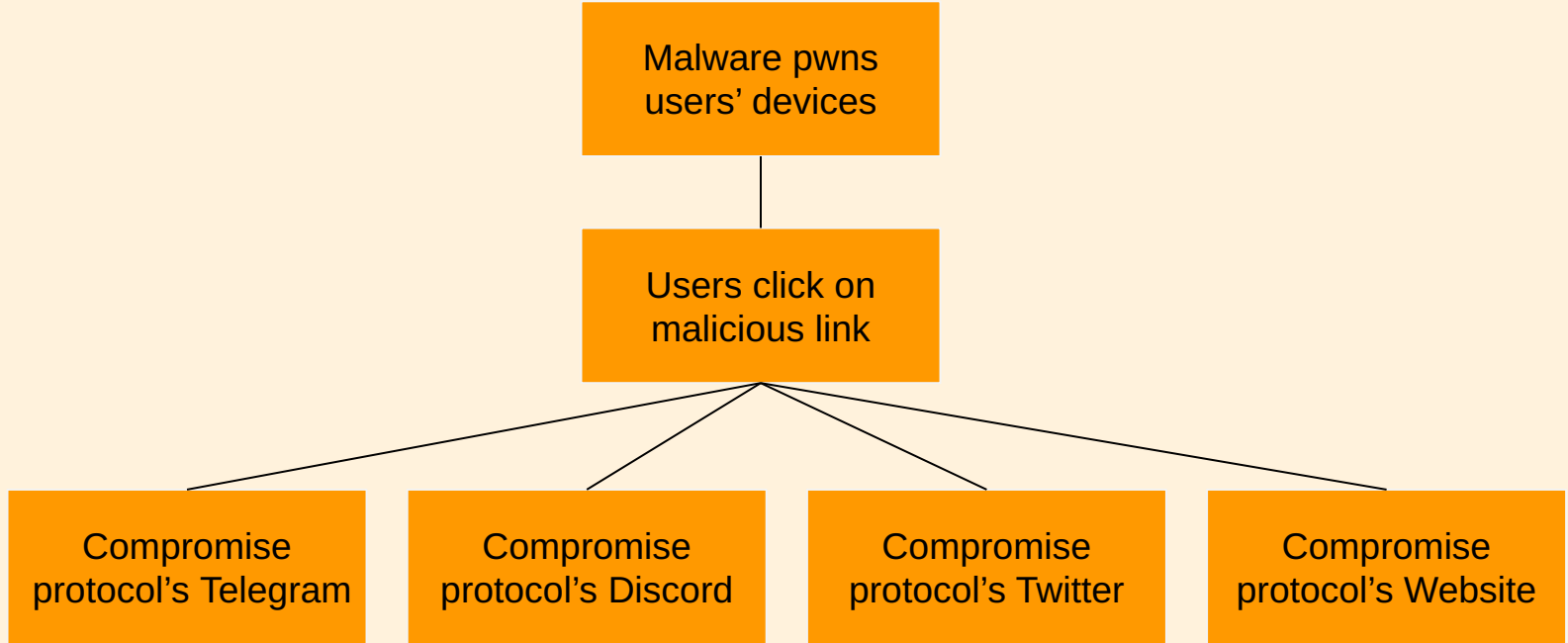
- Private key compromise -> hack the protocol
- Multisig attack -> hack the protocol
- DNS hijacking -> hack the users
- Inject malicious JS to frontend -> hack the users
- Email credentials compromise -> hack protocol reputation
- Telegram compromise -> hack protocol reputation
- Discord compromise -> hack protocol reputation
- etc.

Attack Vectors

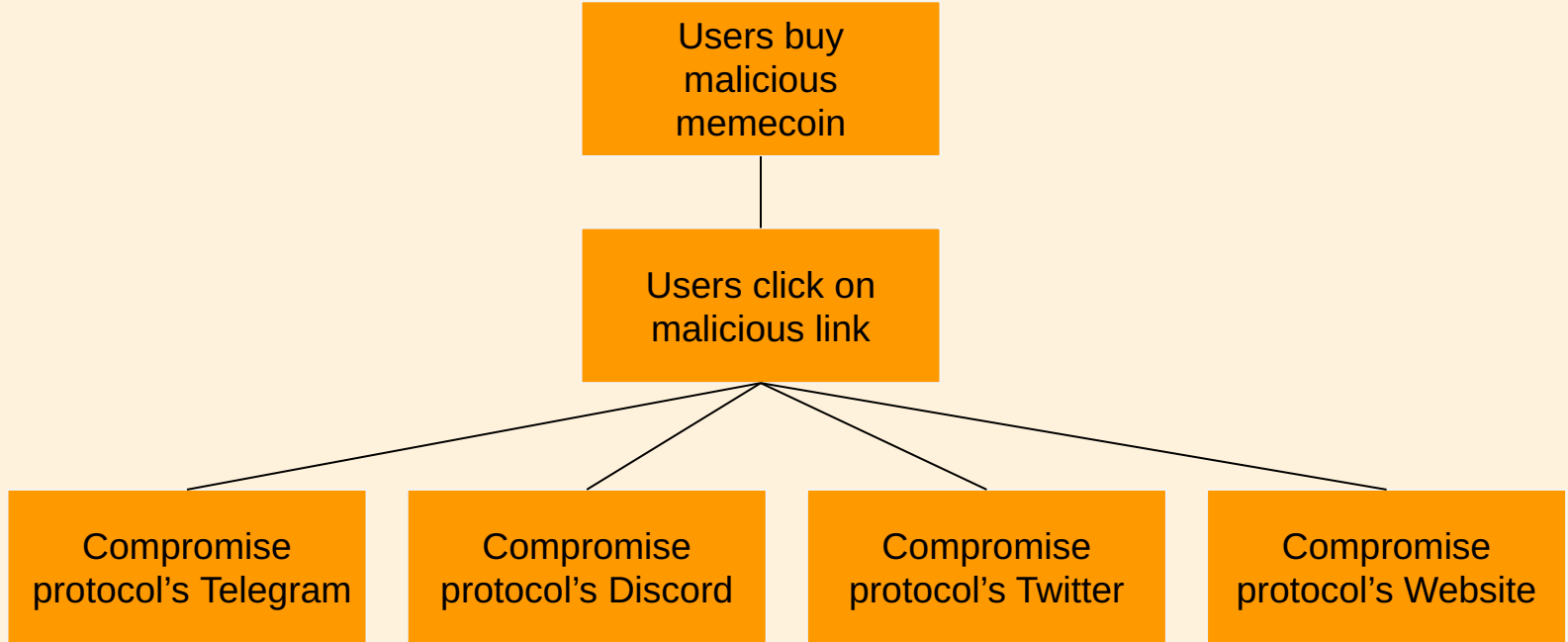


https://www.schneier.com/academic/archives/1999/12/attack_trees.html

Attack Vectors



Attack Vectors



Defensive Measures

Defensive measures

Back to tech basics!

- Is the entire team using updated software?
- Updated operating systems? Desktop and mobile?
- Is 2FA activated everywhere possible?
- Are code dependencies monitored for CVEs?
- Is everyone paranoid about cold outreach (AKA phishing)?

Full guide: engn33r.com/security-guide.html

Defensive measures

Quick tips:

- Got a suspicious file? Use [virustotal.com](https://www.virustotal.com)
- Got a suspicious URL? Use urlscan.io (and [virustotal.com](https://www.virustotal.com))
- Set calendar reminders to check that your software is updated
- Enable 2FA for everything (yes, even personal accounts)
- Use a good password manager
- Use a separate browser profile for your crypto wallets

Emergency Plans

Emergency Plans

- How do you know if your protocol/system got hacked?
- Do you have someone on call 24/7? Or who will respond, and how?
- Do you have scripts for emergency governance actions?
- Do you know which contracts of the protocol are upgradeable?
- Do you have a checklist if starting a war room?

Yearn's emergency checklist:

<https://docs.yearn.fi/developers/security/EMERGENCY>

Emergency Plans

Prevent emergencies if possible

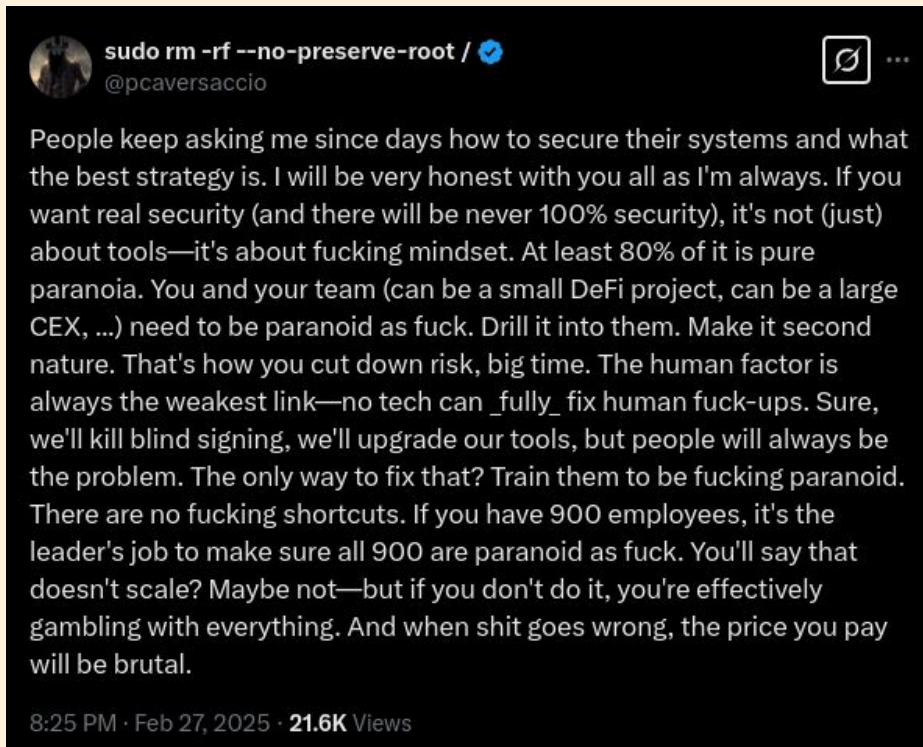
- Someone on your team should manage security
- Apply defensive measures
- Educate your team about the important of security
- Make an easy-to-find security page with contact info
- Recent addition: automated mempool hack protection (AKA firewall)

Spread paranoia

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Spread paranoia



<https://x.com/pcaversaccio/status/1895087964910227459>

Spread Paranoia

- Defensive measures only work if applied to the whole team
- If one weak link is exploited, the protocol can sink
- Chat with your team and confirm everyone is following security hygiene



Questions?





Thank you!